action does not alter the relationships or distribution of power and responsibilities established by Congress.

F. Executive Order 13175

The Agency has determined that this rule does not have any “tribal implications” as described in Executive Order 13175, entitled Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments (65 FR 67249, November 6, 2000). Executive Order 13175, requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure “meaningful and timely input by tribal officials in the development of regulatory policies that have tribal implications.” This direct final rule will not have substantial direct effects on tribal governments, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified in Executive Order 13175. Thus, Executive Order 13175 does not apply to this rule.

G. Executive Order 13045

This action does not require OMB review or any other Agency action under Executive Order 13045, entitled Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997).

H. Executive Order 13211

Because this direct final rule is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866 due to its lack of significance, this direct final rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211, entitled Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001).

I. National Technology Transfer Advancement Act

This action does not involve any technical standards that would require Agency consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer Advancement Act of 1995 (NTTAA), Public Law 104–113, section 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

J. Congressional Review Act

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the Agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. This rule is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 710

Environmental protection, Central Data Exchange, CDX, Chemicals, Electronic reporting, Hazardous materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.


James B. Gulliford,
Assistant Administrator, Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances.

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 710—[AMENDED]

§ 710.52 [Amended]

2. Section 710.52 is amended as follows:
   a. By revising the phrase “parent company” to read “company” in paragraph (c)(2)(i).
   b. By revising the phrase “paragraph (c)(3)(vi)” to read “paragraph (c)(3)(v)” in paragraph (c)(4)(i)(F).
   c. By revising the phrase “paragraph (c)(3)(vii)” to read “paragraph (c)(3)(vi)” in paragraph (c)(4)(ii)(D).

§ 710.57 [Amended]

3. Section 710.57 is amended by revising the section heading to read:

§ 710.57 Recordkeeping requirements.

4. Section 710.59 is revised to read as follows:

§ 710.59 Availability of reporting form and instructions.

   a. Use the proper EPA form. You must use the EPA form identified as “Form U” to submit written information in response to the requirements of this subpart. Instructions for obtaining copies of Form U are in paragraph (c) of this section.
   b. Follow the reporting instructions. You should follow the detailed instructions for completing and submitting an electronic or hard copy report. Instructions given in the EPA publication titled, “Instructions for Reporting for the 2006 Partial Updating of the TSCA Chemical Inventory Database,” are available as described in paragraph (c) of this section. EPA encourages reporting sites subject to this part to submit the required information to EPA electronically.
   (c) Obtain the reporting package and copies of the form. You can obtain the reporting form or software, reporting instructions, and other associated documents as follows:
   (1) By website. Go to the EPA Inventory Update Reporting Internet home page at http://www.epa.gov/oppt/iur and follow the appropriate links. EPA encourages reporting sites subject to this subpart to visit this home page.
   (2) By phone. Call the EPA TSCA Hotline at (202) 554–1404.
   (3) By e-mail. Send an e-mail request for this information to the EPA TSCA Hotline at TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.
   (4) By mail. Send a written request for this information to the following address: TSCA Hotline, Mail Code 7408M, ATTN: Inventory Update Reporting, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460–0001.

BILING CODE 6560–50–S

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

41 CFR Part 102–76


Federal Management Regulation; Real Property Policies Update; Technical Amendment

AGENCY: Office of Governmentwide Policy, General Services Administration.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Federal Management Regulation (FMR) to extend the implementation date of the Real Property Policies section entitled “What standards must facilities subject to the Architectural Barriers Act meet?,” which was published in the Federal Register, at 70 FR 67846, on November 8, 2005. The implementation date of the section previously was extended to August 7, 2006, but only with respect to leasing actions. The implementation date of the section, currently August 7, 2006, is hereby further extended to February 6, 2007, but only for leasing actions (other than those where the Government expressly requires new construction to meet its needs) where solicitations have not been issued by February 6, 2007. The May 8, 2006, implementation date remains
unchanged with respect to Federal construction or alteration projects. The August 7, 2006, implementation date remains unchanged with respect to lease projects where new construction is required by the Government to meet its needs. Except as expressly modified by this final rule, all other terms and conditions of the Architectural Barriers Act standards remain in full force and effect.

DATES: Effective Date: September 6, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Regulatory Secretariat, Room 4035, GSA Building, 1800 F Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20405, (202)501–4755, for information pertaining to status or publication schedules. For clarification of content, contact Mr. Stanley C. Langfeld, Director, Regulations Management Division, Office of Governmentwide Policy, General Services Administration, at (202) 501–1737, or by e-mail at Stanley.langfeld@gsa.gov. Please cite FMR Case 2005–102–8, Amendment 2005–03, Technical Amendment.1

List of Subjects in 41 CFR Part 102–76

Federal buildings and facilities.


Lurita Doan,
Administrator of General Services

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, GSA amends 41 CFR chapter 102 as set forth below:

PART 102–76—DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

1. The authority citation for 41 CFR part 102–76 continues to read as follows:


2. Amend section 102–76.65 by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 102–76.65 What standards must facilities subject to the Architectural Barriers Act meet?

(a) GSA adopts Appendices C and D to 36 CFR part 1191 (ABA Chapters 1 and 2, and Chapters 3 through 10) as the Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standard (ABAAS). Facilities subject to the Architectural Barriers Act (other than facilities in 102–76.65(b) and (c)) must comply with ABAAS as set forth below:

(1) For construction or alteration of Federally-owned facilities, compliance with ABAAS is required if the construction or alteration commenced after May 8, 2006. If the construction or alteration of a Federally-owned facility commenced on or before May 8, 2006, compliance with the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS) is required.

(2) For Federal lease-construction actions subject to the Architectural Barriers Act, where the Government expressly requires new construction to meet its needs, compliance with ABAAS is required for all such leases awarded on or after June 30, 2006. UFAS compliance is required for all such leases awarded before June 30, 2006.

(3) For all other lease actions subject to the Architectural Barriers Act (other than those described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section), compliance with ABAAS is required for all such leases awarded pursuant to solicitations issued after February 6, 2007. UFAS compliance is required for all such leases awarded after February 6, 2007.

[FR Doc. E6–14727 Filed 9–5–06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820–RH–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 051209329–6046–02; I.D. 082806A]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fisheries; Closure of the Quarter III Fishery for Loligo Squid

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the directed fishery for Loligo squid in the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) will be closed effective 0001 hours, September 2, 2006. Vessels issued a Federal permit to harvest Loligo squid may not retain or land more than 2,500 lb (1,134 kg) of Loligo squid per trip for the remainder of the quarter (through September 30, 2006). This action is necessary to prevent the fishery from exceeding its Quarter III quota and to allow for effective management of this stock.

DATES: Effective 0001 hours, September 02, 2006, through 2400 hours, September 30, 2006.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the Loligo squid fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648. The regulations require specifications for maximum sustainable yield, initial optimum yield, allowable biological catch, domestic annual harvest (DAH), domestic annual processing, joint venture processing, and total allowable levels of foreign fishing for the species managed under the Atlantic Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fishery Management Plan. The procedures for setting the annual initial specifications are described in § 648.21. The 2006 specification of DAH for Loligo squid was set at 16,872.4 mt (71 FR 10621, March 2, 2006). This amount is allocated by quarter, as shown below.

TABLE. 1 Loligo Squid Quarterly Allocations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Metric Tons</th>
<th>Research Set-aside</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I (Jan– Mar)</td>
<td>33.23</td>
<td>5,606.70</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II (Apr– Jun)</td>
<td>17.61</td>
<td>2,971.30</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III (Jul– Sep)</td>
<td>17.3</td>
<td>2,918.90</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV (Oct– Dec)</td>
<td>31.86</td>
<td>5,375.60</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>16,872.50</td>
<td>127.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Quarterly allocations after 127.5 mt result in a reduction in the set-aside.

Section 648.22 requires NMFS to close the directed Loligo squid fishery in the EEZ when 80 percent of the quarterly allocation is harvested in Quarters I, II, and III, and when 95 percent of the total annual DAH has been harvested. NMFS is further required to notify, in advance of the closure, the Executive Directors of the Mid-Atlantic, New England, and South Atlantic Fishery Management Councils; mail notification of the closure to all holders of Loligo squid permits at least 72 hours before the effective date of the closure; provide adequate notice of the closure to recreational participants in the fishery; and publish notification of the closure in the Federal Register. The Administrator, Northeast Region, NMFS, based on dealer reports and other available information, has determined that 80 percent of the DAH for Loligo squid in Quarter III will be harvested. Therefore, effective 0001 hours, September 2, 2006, the directed fishery for Loligo squid is closed and vessels issued Federal permits for Loligo squid may not retain or land more than 2,500 lb (1,134 kg) of Loligo during a