(a) Read the entire solicitation document prior to preparation of an offer.

(b) The Offeror must comply with the instructions outlined in either SCP-FSS-001-N Instructions Applicable to New Offerors or SCP-FSS-001-S Instructions Applicable to Successful FSS Program Contractors, as applicable.

(c) The proposal instructions in SCP-FSS-002 are common to all solicitations that include services (except Schedule 70). Some Schedules and SINs have additional requirements specific to that particular Schedule or SIN. Please review the solicitation attachments “Read Me First” and “Critical Information” for additional information, requirements, and terms and conditions specific to a particular Schedule or SIN.

(d) Offerors proposing services must also comply with the following:

(1) Section I Administrative/Contract Data –
   (i) Complete the Summary of Offer document.

(2) Section II Technical Proposal

The Offeror must address a fourth technical factor as described below:

(i) Factor Four – Relevant Project Experience: The Offeror must submit a narrative demonstrating relevant project experience. A narrative is required for each proposed services SIN and must include the following:

   (A) A description of two (2) relevant projects, not to exceed four (4) pages per project. Each description must clearly indicate the SIN to which it applies, and identify the specific services being proposed under that SIN. The projects must either have been completed within the last two years or be ongoing. For ongoing contracts with a base year and option years, at a minimum, the base year must have been completed; for multiyear task orders, at a minimum, the first year must have been completed.

   Each project description must also address the following elements:

   1) Detailed description of SIN-relevant work performed and results achieved
   2) Methodology, tools, and/or processes utilized in performing the work
   3) Demonstration of compliance with any applicable laws, regulations, Executive Orders, OMB Circulars, professional standards, etc.
   4) Project schedule (i.e., major milestones, tasks, deliverables), including an explanation of any delays
   5) How the work performed is similar in scope and complexity to the work solicited under the proposed SIN
   6) Demonstration of required specific experience and/or special qualifications detailed under the proposed SIN.

The Offeror may use the same project in support of more than one SIN as long as the description clearly identifies the SIN-relevant work. All examples of completed services must have been deemed acceptable by the customer.

(B) For each project description, the following customer reference information must also be provided (this data is not counted towards the four-page-per-project limitation):

   (1) Customer/client name
   (2) Project name/contract number
(3) Customer point of contact for project
(4) Point of contact phone number and email
(5) Project performance period (include months/years)
(6) Dollar value of the entire project
(7) Dollar value received for the work performed relevant to the SIN offered
(8) Brief summary of the project as a whole (background, purpose, etc.)
(9) A copy of the Statement of Work for the project

(C) If relevant project experience does not exist, the Offeror may substitute the relevant projects of predecessor companies or key personnel that will be performing major aspects of the work. If the Offeror chooses to make such a substitution, the narratives must clearly identify the entity or personnel that performed the services.

Note: Project Experience substitutions are not allowed for Schedule 84 Total Solutions for Law Enforcement, Security, Facility Management, Fire, Rescue, Clothing, Marine Craft and Emergency/Disaster Response.

(3) Section III Price Proposal:

(i) Offeror must address additional pricing requirements as described below: The Offeror has the option to propose separate rates for “domestic” versus “overseas” and/or “customer facility” versus “contractor facility” if there are variations in costs that depend on where the work is performed. Rates proposed in this manner must be clearly labeled as such and supported through the submission of supporting price documentation.

1. For each proposed labor category, the Offeror must provide a detailed position description. Position descriptions must include functional responsibilities, minimum years of experience, minimum educational/degree requirements, and any applicable training or certification requirements. If it is the Offeror’s standard commercial practice to substitute experience for education, explain the methodology in use (e.g., five years experience equates to a BA/BS degree). Once the contract is awarded, these descriptions will become part of the Authorized Federal Supply Schedule Price List. It is the responsibility of the offeror to post the approved descriptions to GSA Advantage®.

2. Proposed prices must represent fully-burdened rates inclusive of all cost factors (e.g., direct labor, indirect labor, G&A, profit, and IFF).

(ii) The Offeror must submit a Professional Compensation Plan in accordance with clause 52.222-46 Evaluation of Compensation for Professional Employees. Individual compensation disclosure is not required. Submission of the general compensation practices printed in the Offeror’s employee handbook is often sufficient.

(iii) The Offeror must submit a copy of its policy that addresses uncompensated overtime, in accordance with clause 52.237-10 Identification of Uncompensated Overtime.

(iv) Service Contract Act: Applicable to this solicitation (Service Contract Act 52.222-41, and related clauses 52.222-42, 52.222-43, and 52.222-49)

1. The Service Contract Act (SCA) applies to all nonprofessional services to be provided under this Schedule except for any pricing offered for services outside of the United States. The SCA index of applicable wage determinations for this solicitation and resultant contract are shown in FedBizOpps document, "SCA Index of Wage Determinations." The full-text version of each wage determination can be viewed at www.wdol.gov. Some of the proposed labor categories may be subject to the SCA (usually nonprofessional categories). As such, the Offeror should verify that its proposed base rates and fringe benefit rates for these labor categories meet or exceed the SCA wage determination rates and fringe benefits for the areas included in the geographic scope of the contract (i.e., nationwide);
the Offeror will be required to comply with applicable SCA wage determination rates and fringe benefits regardless of the price proposed and awarded on any resultant Schedule contract. The Offeror may be required to submit supporting documentation for the proposed rates that will allow the contracting officer to conduct cost analysis to determine that offered prices are fair and reasonable.

2. Schedule contractors must comply with the base rate and fringe benefit rate requirements of the prevailing rate SCA Wage Determination (WD) Revision Number currently incorporated into the GSA Schedule contract. No prevailing rate WD may be incorporated into a task order as the order may then be in conflict with the Schedule contract terms and conditions. However, WDs based on collective bargaining agreements (CBAs) may be incorporated into a task order if the task order is found to be a successor contract as used in FAR Subpart 22.10; a CBA WD would be applicable only to the task order it is incorporated into and no other orders under that Schedule contract.

3. In the price proposal, indicate which proposed labor categories are subject to the SCA by placing a double asterisk (**) next to the labor category name.

4. The following paragraph is meant to be instructive and NOT to be copied as part of proposed Schedule pricing:

For all the Offeror’s identified SCA-eligible labor categories, map them to the SCA-equivalent labor category title (titles/descriptions available at http://www.wdol.gov - click on the “library” link, then download the SCA Directory of Occupations, 5th Edition). Also identify the WD# that the labor categories in your offer are predicated on. Note that the applicable revision number for any Wage Determination number is the revision number identified in the solicitation index of wage determinations.

5. There are two possible strategies for determining price adjustments under SCA-eligible labor categories. All price adjustments under SCA-eligible labor categories shall be in accordance with clause 52.222-43.

52.222-43 **Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts)**. Price adjustments for SCA-applicable labor categories shall be in accordance with clause 52.222-43 **Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts)**. When a modification is issued to all contract holders incorporating a revised index of wage determinations, contractors shall notify the contracting officer of any increase/decrease claimed under clause 52.222-43 within 30 calendar days after receipt of the modification.

In addition to clause 52.222-43, one of the following two methods of escalation will be awarded.

**Method 1**: An escalation method is negotiated prior to award in accordance with the clause I-FSS-969 **Economic Price Adjustment - FSS Multiple Award Schedule**, utilizing any of the methods available in the solicitation under that clause.

**Method 2**: When the offered prices are based upon a commercial price list, only revisions in the commercial price list will enable the contractor to revise Schedule contract prices. Schedule contract price increases will be allowed only in accordance with clause 552.216-70 **Economic Price Adjustment - FSS Multiple Award Schedule Contracts**.

Regardless of the method used, the contractor must ensure that within 30 calendar days after the effective date of any contract modification to revise pricing based on changes in the applicable wage determination(s), the contractor’s electronic
catalog is updated on GSA Advantage®.

Note 1: The contractor will not automatically be allowed an increase in prices based solely on new wage determinations.

Note 2: Reference Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Subtitle A Office of the Secretary of Labor, Part 4 Labor Standards for Federal Service Contracts, Subpart D Compensation Standards, paragraph 4.161 Minimum monetary wages under contracts exceeding $2,500, which states: “No change in the obligation of the contractor or subcontractor with respect to minimum wages will result from the mere fact that higher or lower wage rates may be determined to be prevailing for such employees in the locality after the award and before completion of the contract.”

6. Utilize the following spreadsheet format (labor categories shown are for example purposes):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SCA Eligible Contract Labor Category</th>
<th>SCA Equivalent Code Title</th>
<th>WD Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secretary</td>
<td>01115 General Clerk I</td>
<td>052059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver</td>
<td>31361 Truck driver, Light Truck</td>
<td>052059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Technician</td>
<td>29081 Engineering Technician I</td>
<td>052059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Assistant</td>
<td>01011 Accounting Clerk I</td>
<td>052059</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Insert the following language below the above SCA matrix and insert both (matrix and language) at the end of the proposed GSA price list.

"The Service Contract Act (SCA) is applicable to this contract and it includes SCA applicable labor categories. The prices for the indicated (***) SCA labor categories are based on the U.S. Department of Labor Wage Determination Number(s) identified in the SCA matrix. The prices awarded are in line with the geographic scope of the contract (i.e. nationwide). "