



1122 Program

Americans find peace of mind in the fact that there's a constant force fighting the war on drugs. The men and women of law enforcement harbor this responsibility 365 days a year. Because their duties are so vital to our nation's well being, it's imperative that they have the right tools for the job. GSA supports state and local law enforcement through the 1122 Program.

Section 1122 of the fiscal year 1994 National Defense Authorization Act established the authority for state and local governments to purchase law enforcement equipment through federal procurement channels, provided that the equipment is used in the performance of counter-drug activities.

Each state participating in the 1122 Program designates a State Point Of Contact (SPOC) to administer the state's activities under the program, by validating the counter-drug mission of each procurement request, and ensuring the availability of funds.

The authority for the "1122 Program" resides with the Department of Defense. The U.S. Army, as the Executive Agent of the program, has approved certain equipment included in GSA Schedules and the purchase of specific motor vehicles under the program. Refer to the "List of Available Equipment" page located at www.gsa.gov/1122program.

The SPOCs are responsible for receiving all orders from state and local government entities, and for determining that the items will be used for counter-drug activities. For items under GSA Schedules, the SPOCs will send all orders directly to the Schedule contractor; payment will also be made directly to the Schedule contractor. Orders for the purchase of vehicles must be placed by the SPOCs using AutoChoice, GSA's online vehicle ordering tool (www.gsa.gov/autochoice).

The 1122 Program is voluntary for both SPOCs and Schedule contractors; i.e., contractors have the option as to whether to accept or reject an order from a SPOC.

For more information, visit:
www.gsa.gov/1122program

GSA State and Local Resources

The wealth of GSA's resources is not limited to federal agencies alone. Many state and local agencies can benefit from a variety of commercial products and services offered through GSA vehicles. This important aspect of GSA's mission is divided into seven distinct programs that provide access to important tools to help meet specific state and local objectives. To contact a GSA Customer Service Director in your region, please visit www.gsa.gov/csd.

| | Eligible Activities | Legal Source | Program Use Guidelines | Resources |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p>*Federal Grantee Access to Schedules in Response to Public Health Emergencies</p> | State, Local, Tribal** and Territorial***** Governments | Section 40 U.S.C. § 501 (a)(1) provides that the Administrator of General Services shall take action for executive agencies to the extent that he determines that the action is advantageous to the Federal government in terms of economy, efficiency or service. This action includes the procurement, "and supply of personal property and nonpersonal services for executive agencies to use in the proper discharge of their responsibilities..." 40 U.S.C. § 501 (b)(1)(A) | State, local, tribal and territorial governments may purchase from all Federal Supply Schedules, when expending Federal grant funds in response to declared Public Health Emergencies. | GSA Schedule contractors are available to search on GSA eLibrary at: www.gsa.gov/elibrary and commercial products and services offered by Schedule contractors can be found at: www.gsaadvantage.gov |
| <p>*Disaster Recovery Purchasing Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/disasterrecovery</p> | State and local Municipal Governments** | Section 833 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109-364) | State and local agencies may use GSA Schedules to purchase products and services before and after a major disaster as declared by the President. | State and local customers have access to all GSA eTools for market research, direct ordering or to place Requests for Information (RFI) and Requests for Quote (RFQ) under this program.*** |
| <p>*Cooperative Purchasing Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/cooperativepurchasing</p> | State and local Municipal Governments** | Section 211 of the E-Government Act of 2002 and Public Law 110-248, Local Preparedness Acquisition Act | State and local agencies are granted access to products and services offered on Schedule 70, 84 and IT Special Item Numbers on the Consolidated Schedule. | State and local customers have access to all GSA eTools for market research, direct ordering or to place Requests for Information (RFI) and Requests for Quote (RFQ) under this program.*** |
| <p>National Wildland Fire Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/fireprogram</p> | State and local firefighting organizations that have a cooperative agreement with their State Forester and approval from the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Forest Service | Interagency Agreement for Equipment/Supplies in Support of Wildland Fire Protection | State and local agencies can order products and services through GSA Global Supply™ procurement channel, upon receipt of a written cooperative agreement with the U.S. Forest Service. | Wildland fire items are available at: www.GSAGlobalsupply.gsa.gov |
| <p>*1122 Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/1122program</p> | State and units of local government**** | Section 1122 of the fiscal year 1994 National Defense Authorization Act | State and local units of government, with support from their State Point of Contact (SPOC), can purchase products using GSA Schedules, provided that the items are used in the performance of counter-drug activities. | Visit the 1122 Program website to obtain the 1122 Catalog and to contact your respective State Point of Contact (SPOC) that is ready to help. |
| <p>Computers for Learning Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/computersforlearning</p> | Schools and educational nonprofit organizations located in the United States (Also includes the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.) | Executive Order 12999 – Educational Technology, and 15 USC 3710 (i) commonly known as the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 | Certain schools (public, private or parochial (pre-K through 12)), and certain educational nonprofit organizations that meet specific criteria can obtain excess federal computer equipment. | Federal Agencies should visit the GSAXcess website at: www.gsa.gov/gsexcess in order to report their excess computers for transfer under the Computers for Learning Program. |
| <p>Federal Surplus Personal Property Donation Program</p> <p>www.gsa.gov/propertydonations</p> | Public agencies; nonprofit educational and health institutions; nonprofit and public programs for the elderly; public airports; and more | Title 40 of the U.S. Code, Section 549, formerly known as the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 | Entities that meet specific criteria can obtain all types of surplus property, except land or other real property, certain naval vessels, and records of the federal government. | When authorized by the State Agency for Surplus Property, eligible donees should visit the GSAXcess® website at: www.gsa.gov/gsexcess to determine what surplus property is available for donation transfer. |

* GSA State and Local Program that is based on state and local use of the Federal Supply Schedules.

** The States of the United States, counties, municipalities, cities, towns, townships, tribal governments, public authorities (including public or Indian housing agencies under the United States Housing Act of 1937), school districts, colleges, and other institutions of higher education, council of governments (incorporated or not), regional or interstate government entities, or any agency or instrumentality of the preceding entities (including any local educational agency or institution of higher education), and including legislative and judicial departments.

*** GSA eTools include: GSA eLibrary (www.gsa.gov/elibrary), GSA Advantage® (www.gsaadvantage.gov), and GSA eBuy (www.gsa.gov/ebuy).

**** City, county, township, town, borough, parish, village or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or the District of Columbia Government or the United States Government performing law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

***** Government of American Samoa, Government of Virgin Islands (including Virgin Islands Port Authority), Government of Guam, Commonwealth Government of Northern Mariana Islands, Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Palau and Puerto Rico.

