

Office of Government-wide Policy

Class Deviation CD-2024-01

December 7, 2023

MEMORANDUM FOR ERVILLE KOEHLER

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPPLIES AND SERVICES (QS)

CC: LAWRENCE HALE

DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR

CATEGORY MANAGEMENT

OFFICE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CATEGORY (QT3)

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FROM: JEFFREY A. KOSES Juff Losus

SUBJECT: FAR and GSAR Class Deviation - Next Generation Commercial

Platform Contracts

1. Purpose.

This memorandum approves a class deviation from the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and the General Services Administration Acquisition Regulation (GSAR), pursuant to Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2018¹, for the Next Generation Commercial Platform Contract vehicle.

2. Background.

Class Deviation CD-2019-12 was issued on October 1, 2019 for the initial Commercial Platform Contract vehicle. The initial deviation outlined the applicability of certain FAR and GSAR clauses, reflecting on the underlying statutes, Executive Orders, and other authorities, to carry out the direction of Congress pursuant to Section 846 of the FY 2018 NDAA.

In light of the success of the first generation Commercial Platform contract, you have decided to establish a second generation vehicle. Over the last four years, there have

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¹ Public Law (P.L.) 115-91 (December 12, 2017), amended by P.L. 115-232 (August 13, 2018).

been several FAR and GSAR changes², impacting the underlying clause language used in the deviation.

This class deviation is not substantively different from the prior one. It simply updates the baseline language in CD-2019-12 to conform to the regulatory changes over the last 4 years.

For ease of reading, changes are shown in yellow highlighted text.

Orders placed by ordering agencies through the e-commerce portal providers are still limited to the micro-purchase threshold and will be treated as micro-purchases.

3. Authority.

This class deviation is issued under the authority of FAR 1.404 and General Services Administration Acquisition Manual (GSAM) 501.404. This class deviation is issued following consultation with the Chair of the Civilian Agency Acquisition Council (CAAC) in accordance with FAR 1.404(a) and GSAM 501.404(a).

4. Deviation.

The FAR class deviation text for provisions and clauses is shown in **Attachment A**. The GSAR class deviation text for provisions and clauses is shown in **Attachment B**.

5. Effective Date.

This deviation is effective immediately and remains in effect until completion of the Next Generation Commercial Platform Contracts, until rescinded, or until incorporated into the FAR or GSAR. This deviation replaces CD-2019-12.

6. Point of Contact.

Questions regarding this class deviation should be directed to the General Services Acquisition Policy Division at gsarpolicy@gsa.gov.

Attachments

Attachment A - FAR Deviation Text **Attachment B** - GSAR Deviation Text

² FAR Case 2018-018 (86 FR 61017), FAR Case 2020-013 (87 FR 58237), FAR Case 2020-007 (88 FR 9730), FAR Case 2019-008 (88 FR 9734), FAR Case 2023-010 (88 FR 36430), FAR Case 2020-011 (88 FR 69503), FAR Case 2017-005 (88 FR 69517).

Class Deviation CD-2024-01 Attachment A FAR Deviation Text

See below for applicable baseline

- Additions to baseline made by proposed rule are indicated by [bold text in brackets]
- Deletions to baseline made by proposed rule are indicated by strikethroughs
- Five asterisks (* * * * *) indicate that there are no revisions between the preceding part and/or subpart, and following section
- Three asterisks (* * *) indicate that there are no revisions between the material shown within a section or subsection
- Text in vellow highlight indicates changes from Class Deviation CD-2019-12

FAR Baseline: FAC 2023-06 effective 12/04/2023

Part 12 - Acquisition of Commercial Products and Commercial Services

Subpart 12.3 - Solicitation Provisions and Contract Clauses for the Acquisition of Commercial Products and Commercial Services

12.301 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services.

(d) * * *

- (3) Insert the provision at <u>52.204-16</u>, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting, as prescribed in 4.18<u>04(a)</u>.
- (4) Insert the clause at <u>52.204-18</u>, Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance, as prescribed in 4.1804(c).

* * *

- (7) Insert the provision at <u>52.207-6</u>, Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts), as prescribed at <u>7.107-6</u>.
- (8) Insert the provision at <u>52.209-7</u>, Information Regarding Responsibility Matters, as prescribed in <u>9.104-7(b)</u>.

* * * * *

- (11) Insert the clause at <u>52.225-19</u>, Contractor Personnel in a Designated Operational Area or Supporting a Diplomatic or Consular Mission outside the United States, as prescribed in <u>25.301-4</u>.
- (e) * * *

(3) The contracting officer may include appropriate provisions and clauses when the use of options is in the Government's interest. The provisions and clauses prescribed in 17.208 may be used for this purpose. If the provision at 52.212-2 is used, paragraph (b) provides for the evaluation of options.

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Part 52 - Solicitation Provisions and Contract Clauses

Subpart 52.2 - Text of Provisions and Clauses

* * * * *

52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors-Commercial Products and Commercial Services. [Insert the following provision in solicitations for commercial e-commerce portal provider services pursuant to Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law (P.L.) 115–91, amended by P.L. 115-232), Procurement Through Commercial e-Commerce Portals.]

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(1), insert the following provision:

Instructions to Offerors-Commercial Products and Commercial Services (SEP 2023) [(DEC 2023) (DEVIATION)]

- (a) North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and small business size standard. The NAICS code(s) and small business size standard(s) for this acquisition appear elsewhere in the solicitation. However, the small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—
- (1) Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold:
- (2) Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the price evaluation preference; or
- (3) Is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, or women-owned small business set-aside or sole-source award regardless of dollar value.
- (b) Submission of offers. Submit signed and dated offers to the office specified in this solicitation at or before the exact time specified in this solicitation. Offers may be submitted on the <u>SF 1449</u>, letterhead stationery, or as otherwise specified in the solicitation. As a minimum, offers must show—
 - (1) The solicitation number;
 - (2) The time specified in the solicitation for receipt of offers;
 - (3) The name, address, and telephone number of the offeror;

- (4) A technical description of the items being offered in sufficient detail to evaluate compliance with the requirements in the solicitation. This may include product literature, or other documents, if necessary;
 - (5) Terms of any express warranty;
 - (6) Price and any discount terms;
 - (7) "Remit to" address, if different than mailing address;
- (8) A completed copy of the representations and certifications at FAR <u>52.212-3</u> (see FAR <u>52.212-3</u>(b) for those representations and certifications that the offeror shall complete electronically);
 - (9) Acknowledgment of Solicitation Amendments;
- (10) Past performance information, when included as an evaluation factor, to include recent and relevant contracts for the same or similar items and other references (including contract numbers, points of contact with telephone numbers and other relevant information); and
- (11) If the offer is not submitted on the <u>SF 1449</u>, include a statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation. Offers that fail to furnish required representations or information, or reject the terms and conditions of the solicitation may be excluded from consideration.
- (c) Period for acceptance of offers. The offeror agrees to hold the prices in its offer firm for 30 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers, unless another time period is specified in an addendum to the solicitation.
- (d) *Product samples*. When required by the solicitation, product samples shall be submitted at or prior to the time specified for receipt of offers. Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, these samples shall be submitted at no expense to the Government, and returned at the sender's request and expense, unless they are destroyed during preaward testing.
- (e) Multiple offers. Offerors are encouraged to submit multiple offers presenting alternative terms and conditions, including alternative line items (provided that the alternative line items are consistent with <u>subpart 4.10</u> of the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or alternative commercial items for satisfying the requirements of this solicitation. Each offer submitted will be evaluated separately.
- (f)[(d)] Late submissions, modifications, revisions, and withdrawals of offers.
- (1) Offerors are responsible for submitting offers, and any modifications, revisions, or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that offers or revisions are due.
- (2)(i) Any offer, modification, revision, or withdrawal of an offer received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and-

- (A) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of offers; or
- (B) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or
- (C) If this solicitation is a request for proposals, it was the only proposal received.
- (ii) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer, that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (3) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the offer wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.
- (4) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that offers cannot be received at the Government office designated for receipt of offers by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation or other notice of an extension of the closing date, the time specified for receipt of offers will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (5) Offers may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers. Oral offers in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile offers, offers may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers, subject to the conditions specified in the solicitation concerning facsimile offers. An offer may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of offers, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the offer.
- (g)[(e)] Contract award (not applicable to Invitation for Bids). The Government intends to evaluate offers and award a contract without discussions with offerors. Therefore, the offeror's initial offer should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint. However, the Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if later determined by the Contracting Officer to be necessary. The Government may reject any or all offers if such action is in the public interest; accept other than the lowest offer; and waive informalities and minor irregularities in offers received.
- (h) Multiple awards. The Government may accept any item or group of items of an offer, unless the offeror qualifies the offer by specific limitations. Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, offers may not be submitted for quantities less than those specified. The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the offer.

- (i) Availability of requirements documents cited in the solicitation.
- (1) (i) The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101–29, and copies of Federal specifications, standards, and product descriptions can be downloaded from the ASSIST website at https://assist.dla.mil
 - (ii) If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the address in paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this provision.
- (2) Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the ASSIST website at https://assist.dla.mil.
- (3) Defense documents not available from the ASSIST website may be requested from the Defense Standardization Program Office by—
 - (i) Using the ASSIST feedback module (https://assist.dla.mil/feedback); or
 - (ii) Contacting the Defense Standardization Program Office by telephone at 571–767–6688 or email at assisthelp@dla.mil.
- (4) Nongovernment (voluntary) standards must be obtained from the organization responsible for their preparation, publication, or maintenance.
- (j)[(f)] Unique entity identifier. (Applies to all offers that exceed the micro-purchase threshold, and offers at or below the micro-purchase threshold if the solicitation requires the Contractor to be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM).) The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address. The Offeror also shall enter its Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator, if applicable. The EFT indicator is a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the Offeror to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see FAR subpart 32.11) for the same entity. If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at www.sam.gov for unique entity identifier. The Offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a Government contract when contacting the entity designated at www.sam.gov for establishing the unique entity identifier.

(k) [Reserved]

- (I) Debriefing. If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:
- (1) The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror's offer.
- (2) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and the debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.
- (3) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.
 - (4) A summary of the rationale for award;

- (5) For acquisitions of commercial products, the make and model of the product to be delivered by the successful offeror.
- (6) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether source-selection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

(End of provision)

52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

[Insert the following provision in solicitations for commercial e-commerce portal provider services under the program established pursuant to Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law (P.L.) 115–91, amended by P.L. 115-232), Procurement Through Commercial e-Commerce Portals.]

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(2), insert the following provision:

Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Products and Commercial Services (NOV 2023) [(DEC 2023) (DEVIATION)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically in the System for Award Management (SAM) accessed through https://www.sam.gov. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through <a href="type="t

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision—

"Covered telecommunications equipment or services" has the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127, and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with 13 CFR 127.300. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

Forced or indentured child labor means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

Highest-level owner means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

Immediate owner means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

Inverted domestic corporation, means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under <u>6 U.S.C. 395(b)</u>, applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of <u>6 U.S.C. 395(c)</u>.

Manufactured end product means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible:
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

Place of manufacture means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

Predecessor means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.

Reasonable inquiry has the meaning provided in the clause <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

Restricted business operations means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
 - (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
 - (6) Have been voluntarily suspended. "Sensitive technology"—

Sensitive technology—

- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—
 - (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
 - (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3)of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern—

- (1) Means a small business concern—
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more servicedisabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in <u>38 U.S.C. 101(2)</u>, with a disability that is service connected, as defined in <u>38 U.S.C. 101(16)</u>.

Small business concern—

- (1) Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field of operation, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.
- (2) Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

Small disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1001, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—

- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by—
 - (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
 - (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding the threshold at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2) after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation

Successor means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term "successor" does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern—

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned business concern means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern—

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127), means a small business concern that is at least 51

percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States, and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with 13 CFR 127.300.

- (b) (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM.
- (2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM accessed through http://www.sam.gov. After reviewing SAM information, the Offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Products and Commercial Services, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard(s) applicable to the NAICS code(s) referenced for this solicitation), at the time this offer is submitted and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs ____.

[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (v) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.

These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

- (c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is for supplies to be delivered or services to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas, or when the contracting officer has applied <u>part 19</u> in accordance with <u>19.000(b)(1)(ii)</u>. Check all that apply.
 - (1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that—
 - (i) It □ is, □ is not a small business concern; or
 - (ii) It □ is, □ is not a small business joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 121.103(h) and 13 CFR 125.8(a) and (b). [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture:
- (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it \square is, \square is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that—
 - (i) It \square is, \square is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern; or

<mark>(ii) It □ is</mark>	i, □ is not a joint venture that complies with t	he requirement	ts of <u>13</u>	
CFR 125.18(b)(1) and (2). [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity				
<mark>identifier of eac</mark>	h party to the joint venture:]	Each service-		
disabled veteran-owned small business concern participating in the joint venture				
shall provide representation of its service-disabled veteran-owned small business				
concern status.				

- (4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, that it □ is, □ is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
- (5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it \square is, \square is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (6) WOSB joint venture eligible under the WOSB Program. The offeror represents that it □ is, □ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 127.506(a) through (c). [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: _____.]
- (7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) joint venture. The offeror represents that it □ is, □ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 127.506(a) through (c). [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: _____.]

Note to paragraphs (c)(8) and (9): Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

- (8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it □ is a women-owned business concern.
- (9) *Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns*. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:
- (10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—
 - (i) It □ is, □ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, as having been certified by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern in the Dynamic Small Business Search and SAM, and will attempt to maintain an employment rate of HUBZone residents of 35 percent of its employees during performance of a HUBZone contract (see 13 CFR 126.200(e)(1)); and
 - (ii) It □ is, □ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 126.616(a) through (c). [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: _____.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall provide representation of its HUBZone status.

- (d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246-
 - (1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that-
 - (i) It \Box has, \Box has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and
 - (ii) It □ has, □ has not filed all required compliance reports.
 - (2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that-
 - (i) It \Box has developed and has on file, \Box has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or
 - (ii) It \Box has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
- (e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 http://uscode.house.gov/ U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
- (f) Buy American Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1. Buy American-Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)
- (1) (i) The Offeror certifies that each end product and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (f)(3) of this provision contains a critical component, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product.
 - (ii) The Offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".
 - (iii) The Offeror shall separately list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a critical component (see FAR 25.105).
 - (iv) The terms "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Supplies."

- (2) Foreign End Products: * * * [List as necessary]
- (3) Domestic end products containing a critical component:

Line Item No.

[List as necessary]

- (4) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.
- (g) (1) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR <u>52.225-3</u>, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)
 - (i) (A) The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (g)(1)(iv) of this provision contains a critical component.
 - (B) The terms "Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."
 - (ii) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade
 Agreement country end products (other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani,
 Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the
 clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli
 Trade Act."

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products: * * * [List as necessary]

- (iii) The Offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no". Other Foreign End Products:* * *[List as necessary]
- (iv) The Offeror shall list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a critical component (see FAR 25.105).

Line Item No. ____

[List as necessary]

(v) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25.

Israeli End Products:* * *[List as necessary]

- (2) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision: (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act":
- (3) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision: (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahraini, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act": Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahraini, Korean, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:* * *[List as necessary]
- (4) Trade Agreements Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR-52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)
 - (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(4)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."
 - (ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

 Other End Products* * *: [List as necessary]
 - (iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.
- (h)[(f)] Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals—
- (1) □ Are, □ are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (2) □ Have, □ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement,

theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;

- (3) \square Are, \square are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and
- (4) □ Have, □ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds the threshold at 9.104-5(a)(2) for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
 - (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
 - (A) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
 - (B) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.
 - (ii) Examples. (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
 - (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
 - (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
 - (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).

(i)[(g)] Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products

Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at <u>22.1503(b)</u>.]

- (1) Listed end products. * * *
- (2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (+)[(g)](1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (+)[(g)](2)(i) or (+)[(g)](2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]
 - \Box (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)[(g)](1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.
 - ☐ (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.
- (j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly-
- (1)
 In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or
 - (2) □ Outside the United States.
- (k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if $\frac{1}{2}$ paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]
- ☐ (1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR-22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that—
 - (i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;
 - (ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and
 - (iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.
- ☐ (2) Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that-

- (i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;
- (ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));
- (iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and
- (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

 (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—
- (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and
- (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.
- (h)[(h)] Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM to be eligible for award.)
- (1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (+)[(h)](3) through (+)[(h)](5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- (2) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's Thy.
(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
□TIN:
□TIN has been applied for.
□TIN is not required because:
□Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that
does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in
the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying
agent in the United States;
□Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
□Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

	(4) Type of organization.
	□Sole proprietorship;
	□Partnership;
	□Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
	□Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
	□Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
	□Foreign government;
	□International organization per 26 CFR1.6049-4;
	Other
	(5) Common parent.
	□Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent
	□Name and TIN of common parent:
Name	·
TIN	

(m)[(i)] Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

(n)[(j)] Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.

- (1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at <u>9.108-2</u>(b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at <u>9.108-2</u>(b)
 - (2) Representation. The Offeror represents that-
 - (i) It \square is, \square is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
 - (ii) It □ is, □ is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.

(e)[(k)] Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.

- (1) The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.
- (2) Representation and Certifications. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)[(k)](3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror-
 - (i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;
 - (ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and
 - (iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds the threshold at FAR <u>25.703-2(a)(2)</u> with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (et seq.)

(see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx).

- (3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)[(k)](2) of this provision do not apply if-
 - (i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., <u>52.212-</u><u>3(g) or a comparable agency provision)</u>; and
 - (ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.
- (p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation).
- (1) The Offeror represents that it □ has or □ does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.
- (2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:

Immediate owner CAGE code:
Immediate owner legal name:
(Do not use a "doing business as" name)
Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity: □ Yes or □ No.
(3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating
that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the

following information:	
Highest-level owner CAGE code:	
Highest-level owner legal name:	
(Do not use a "doing business as" name)	

- (q)[(I)] Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.
- (1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
 - (i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or
 - (ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the

corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

- (2) The Offeror represents that-
- (i) It is □ is not □ a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
- (ii) It is \Box is not \Box a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.
- (r) *Predecessor of Offeror.* (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-16, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)
- (1) The Offeror represents that it \Box is or \Box is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.
- (2) If the Offeror has indicated "is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

Predecessor CAGE code: (or mark "Unknown").

Predecessor legal name:_____.

(Do not use a "doing business as" name).

(s) [Reserved].

- (t)[(m)] Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM (12.301(d)(1)).
- (1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.
- (2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)[(m)](2)(i) and (ii)].
 - (i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) □ does, □ does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.
 - (ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) □ does, □ does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.
 - (iii) A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.

- (3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)[(m)](2)(i) or (t)[(m)](2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported:______.
- (u)[(n)] (1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
- (2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)[(n)](1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
- (3) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

(v)[(o)] Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation. Section 889(a)(1)(A) and section 889 (a)(1)(B) of Public Law 115-232.

- (1) The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".
 - (2) The Offeror represents that—
 - (i) It □ does, □ does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.
 - (ii) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, that it □ does, □ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of Provision)

52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

[Insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for commercial e-commerce portal provider services under the program established pursuant to Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law (P.L.) 115–91, amended by P.L. 115-232), Procurement Through Commercial e-Commerce Portals.]

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(3), insert the following clause:

Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services (NOV 2023) [(DEC 2023) (DEVIATION)]

- (a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights-
- (1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and
- (2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.
- (b) Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (e.g., use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.
- (c) Changes. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.
- (d)[(a)] Disputes. This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.233-1, Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.
- (e)[(b)] Definitions. The clause at FAR <u>52.202-1</u>, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.

(f) Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

(g) Invoice.

- (1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include-
 - (i) Name and address of the Contractor;
 - (ii) Invoice date and number;
 - (iii) Contract number, line item number and, if applicable, the order number:
 - (iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;
 - (v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;
 - (vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;
 - (vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;
 - (viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and
 - (ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
 - (x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.
 - (A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
 - (B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (e.g., 52.232-
 - 33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.
 - (C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.
- (2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C.3903) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

(h)[(c)] Patent indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

(i)[(d)] Payment.

- (1) Items accepted. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.
- (2)[(1)] Prompt payment. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C.3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.
- (3) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.
- (4)[(2)] Discount. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.
- (5)[(3)] Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-
 - (i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-
 - (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
 - (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
 - (C) Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and
 - (D) Contractor point of contact.
 - (ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6)[(4)] Interest.

- (i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.
- (ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.
- (iii) *Final decisions*. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by <u>33.211</u> if—

- (A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;
- (B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see <u>32.607-2</u>).
- (iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.
 - (v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:
 - (A) The date fixed under this contract.
 - (B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.
- (vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on-
 - (A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
 - (B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
 - (C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.
- (vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in FAR <u>32.608-2</u> in effect on the date of this contract.
- (j) Risk of loss. Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:
 - (1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or
- (2) Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.
- (k) Taxes. The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.
- (I)[(e)] Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting

standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

- (m)[(f)] Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.
- (n) *Title*. Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.
- (o) Warranty. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.
- (p) Limitation of liability. Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.
- (q) Other compliances. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.
- (r)[(g)] Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts. The Contractor agrees to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1352 relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; 18 U.S.C. 431 relating to officials not to benefit; 40 U.S.C. chapter 37, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards; 41 U.S.C. chapter 87, Kickbacks; 49 U.S.C. 40118, Fly American; and 41 U.S.C. chapter 21 relating to procurement integrity.
- (s) Order of precedence. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:
 - (1) The schedule of supplies/services.
- (2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, and Unauthorized Obligations paragraphs of this clause;
 - (3) The clause at 52.212-5.
- (4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.
 - (5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.

- (6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
- (7) The Standard Form 1449.
- (8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
- (9) The specification.
- [(h) Order of precedence. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:
 - (1) The schedule of supplies/services.
- (2) The Disputes, Payments, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, Unauthorized Obligations, and Commercial Supplier Agreements Unenforceable Clauses paragraphs of this clause.
 - (3) The clause at 52.212-5.
- (4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any commercial supplier agreements as amended by the Commercial Supplier Agreements—Unenforceable Clauses provision.
 - (5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.
 - (6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
 - (7) The Standard Form 1449.
 - (8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
 - (9) The specification.]

(t) [Reserved]

- (u) Unauthorized Obligations.
- (1) Except as stated in paragraph (u)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:
 - (i) Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.
 - (ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.
 - (iii) Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.
- (2) Paragraph (u)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.
- [(i) Unauthorized Obligations.

- (1) Except as stated in paragraph (i)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any commercial supplier agreement (as defined in 502.101) that includes any language, provision, or clause requiring the Government to pay any future fees, penalties, interest, legal costs or to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:
 - (i) Any such language, provision, or clause is unenforceable against the Government.
 - (ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the commercial supplier agreement. If the commercial supplier agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.
 - (iii) Any such language, provision, or clause is deemed to be stricken from the commercial supplier agreement.
- (2) Paragraph (i)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification or any other payment by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.]
- (v)[(j)] Incorporation by reference. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.
- [(k) Commercial supplier agreements unenforceable clauses. When any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to a commercial supplier agreement (as defined in 502.101), the following language shall be deemed incorporated into the commercial supplier agreement. As used herein, "this agreement" means the commercial supplier agreement:
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this agreement, when the end user is an agency or instrumentality of the U.S. Government, the following shall apply:
 - (i) Applicability. This agreement is a part of a contract between the commercial supplier and the U.S. Government for the acquisition of the supply or service that necessitates a license or other similar legal instrument (including all contracts, task orders, and delivery orders under FAR 12).
 - (ii) *End user.* This agreement shall bind the ordering activity as end user but shall not operate to bind a Government employee or person acting on behalf of the Government in his or her personal capacity.
 - (iii) Law and disputes. This agreement is governed by Federal law.
 - (A) Any language purporting to subject the U.S. Government to the laws of a U.S. state, U.S. territory, district, or municipality, or a foreign nation, except where Federal law expressly provides for the application of such laws, is hereby deleted.

- (B) Any language requiring dispute resolution in a specific forum or venue that is different from that prescribed by applicable Federal law is hereby deleted.
- (C) Any language prescribing a different time period for bringing an action than that prescribed by applicable Federal law in relation to a dispute is hereby deleted.
- (iv) Continued performance. The supplier or licensor shall not unilaterally revoke, terminate or suspend any rights granted to the Government except as allowed by this contract. If the supplier or licensor believes the ordering activity to be in breach of the agreement, it shall pursue its rights under the Contract Disputes Act or other applicable Federal statute while continuing performance as set forth in paragraph (a) (Disputes).
- (v) Arbitration; equitable or injunctive relief. In the event of a claim or dispute arising under or relating to this agreement, a binding arbitration shall not be used unless specifically authorized by agency guidance, and equitable or injunctive relief, including the award of attorney fees, costs or interest, may be awarded against the U.S. Government only when explicitly provided by statute (e.g., Prompt Payment Act or Equal Access to Justice Act).
 - (vi) Updating terms.
 - (A) After award, the contractor may unilaterally revise commercial supplier agreement terms: if they are not material. A material change is defined as:
 - (1) Terms that change Government rights or obligations;
 - (2) Terms that increase Government prices;
 - (3) Terms that decrease overall level of service; or
 - (4) Terms that limit any other Government right addressed elsewhere in this contract.
 - (B) For revisions that will materially change the terms of the contract, the revised commercial supplier agreement must be incorporated into the contract using a bilateral modification.
 - (C) Any agreement license terms or conditions unilaterally revised subsequent to award that are inconsistent with any material term or provision of this contract shall not be enforceable against the Government, and the Government shall not be deemed to have consented to them.
- (vii) No automatic renewals. If any license or service tied to periodic payment is provided under this agreement (e.g., annual software maintenance or annual lease term), such license or service shall not renew automatically upon expiration of its current term without prior express consent by an authorized Government representative.
- (viii) Indemnification. Any clause of this agreement requiring the commercial supplier or licensor to defend or indemnify the end user is hereby amended to provide that the U.S. Department of Justice has the

sole right to represent the United States in any such action, in accordance with 28 U.S.C. 516.

- (ix) Audits. Any clause of this agreement permitting the commercial supplier or licensor to audit the end user's compliance with this agreement is hereby amended as follows:
 - (A) Discrepancies found in an audit may result in a charge by the commercial supplier or licensor to the ordering activity. Any resulting invoice must comply with the proper invoicing requirements specified in the underlying Government contract or order.
 - (B) This charge, if disputed by the ordering activity, will be resolved in accordance with paragraph (a) (Disputes) of this clause; no payment obligation shall arise on the part of the ordering activity until the conclusion of the dispute process.
 - (C) Any audit requested by the contractor will be performed at the contractor's expense, without reimbursement by the Government.
- (x) Taxes or surcharges. Any taxes or surcharges which the commercial supplier or licensor seeks to pass along to the Government as end user will be governed by the terms of the underlying Government contract or order and, in any event, must be submitted to the Contracting Officer for a determination of applicability prior to invoicing unless specifically agreed to otherwise in the Government contract.
- (xi) *Non-assignment*. This agreement may not be assigned, nor may any rights or obligations thereunder be delegated, without the Government's prior approval.
- (xii) Confidential information. If this agreement includes a confidentiality clause, such clause is hereby amended to state that neither the agreement nor the contract price list, as applicable, shall be deemed "confidential information." Issues regarding release of "unit pricing" will be resolved consistent with the Freedom of Information Act. Notwithstanding anything in this agreement to the contrary, the Government may retain any confidential information as required by law, regulation or its internal document retention procedures for legal, regulatory or compliance purposes; provided, however, that all such retained confidential information will continue to be subject to the confidentiality obligations of this agreement.
- (2) If any language, provision, or clause of this agreement conflicts or is inconsistent with the preceding paragraph (j)(1), the language, provisions, or clause of paragraph (k)(1) shall prevail to the extent of such inconsistency.]

(End of clause)

52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders-Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

[Insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for commercial e-commerce portal provider services under the program established pursuant to Section 846 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law (P.L.) 115–91, amended by P.L. 115-232), Procurement Through Commercial e-Commerce Portals.]

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(4), insert the following provision:

Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders-Commercial Products and Commercial Services (DEC 2023) (DEVIATION)]

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:
- (1) <u>52.203-19</u>, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (JAN 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).
- (2) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (DEC 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).
- (3) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (<u>Nov 2021</u>) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
- (4) <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015).
- (5) <u>52.232-40</u>, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (MAR 2023) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3903</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 3801</u>).
 - (6) <u>52.233-3</u>, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3553</u>).
- (7) <u>52.233-4</u>, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (Oc⊤ 2004) (Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 (<u>19 U.S.C. 3805 note</u>)).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:

 [Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]
- ___ (1) <u>52.203-6</u>, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Jun 2020), with *Alternate I* (Nov 2021) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4704</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 4655</u>).
- ____(2)[(1)] <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509)).
- ___(3) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)

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(4) 52.203-17, Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (41
U.S.C. 4712); this clause does not apply to contracts of DoD, NASA, the Coast Guard,
or applicable elements of the intelligence community see FAR 3.900(a).
       (5) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract
Awards (Jun 2020) (Pub. L. 109-282) (-31 U.S.C. 6101 note).
      <u>(6) [Reserved].</u>
       (7) 52.204-14, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (OCT 2016) (Pub. L.
111-117, section 743 of Div. C).
       (8) 52.204-15, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-
Delivery Contracts (OCT 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).
       (9)[(2)] 52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun
2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117-328).
        (10)[(3)] 52.204-28, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—
Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide Acquisition Contracts, and Multi-Agency
Contracts. (Dec 2023) ( Pub. L. 115–390, title II).
       (11)[(4)](i) 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—
Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (Pub. L. 115-390, title II).
              (ii) Alternate I (DEC 2023) of 52.204-30.
        _ (12)[(5)] 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting
with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment. (Nov 2021) (31)
U.S.C. 6101 note).
       (13) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding
Responsibility Matters (OCT 2018) (41 U.S.C. 2313).
      — (14) [Reserved].
      ___ (15) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (OCT
2022) ( 15 U.S.C. 657a).
       (16) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small
Business Concerns (OCT 2022) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so
indicate in its offer) (-15 U.S.C. 657a).
      <u>(17) [Reserved]</u>
       ___ (18) (i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2020) ( 15
U.S.C. 644).
               (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-6.
       (19) (i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2020) (15
U.S.C. 644).
             (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-7.
         (20) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (SEP 2023) (-15 U.S.C.
637(d)(2) and (3)).
       __ <del>(21)</del>[(6)] (i) <u>52.219-9</u>, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (SEP 2023) ( <u>15</u>
U.S.C. 637(d)(4)).
             __ (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2016) of <u>52.219-9</u>.
             __ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.
             __ (iv) Alternate III (JUN 2020) of 52.219-9.
                (v) Alternate IV (SEP 2023) of 52.219-9.
____(22) (i) <u>52.219-13</u>, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (MAR 2020) ( <u>15 U.S.C.</u> 644(r)).
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— (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-13.
        _ (23) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (OCT 2022) (-15 U.S.C. 637s).
      ___ (24) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (SEP 2021) ( 15
U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
        (25) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business
Set-Aside (OCT 2022) (-15 U.S.C. 657f).
         (26)[(7)] (i) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation
(SEP 2023)( 15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
               (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-28.
         (27) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to,
Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Oct 2022) (15
U.S.C. 637(m)).
      (28) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Women-
Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business
Program (Oct 2022) ( 15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
       (29) 52,219-32, Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves (MAR)
2020) ( 15 U.S.C. 644(r)).
        __(30)[(8)] 52.219-33, Nonmanufacturer Rule (SEP 2021) (15U.S.C.
637(a)(17)).
      ___ (31)[(9)] 52.222-3, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O.11755).
       (32)[(10)] 52.222-19, Child Labor-Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies
(Nov 2023).
      ____(33)[(11)] 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
      (34)[(12)] (i) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (SEP 2016) (E.O.11246).
                (ii) Alternate I (FEB 1999) of 52.222-26.
      ___ (35) (i) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) ( 38 U.S.C.
4212).
                (ii) Alternate I (Jul 2014) of 52.222-35.
         (36) (i) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (
<del>29 U.S.C. 793).</del>
               (ii) Alternate I (JUL 2014) of 52.222-36.
         (37) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C.
<del>4212).</del>
         (38)[(13)] 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National
Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496).
        (39)[(14)] (i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Nov 2021) (22
U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
                (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of 52.222-50 ( 22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and
      E.O. 13627).
         (40)[(15)] 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (MAY 2022)
(Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available
off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial products or commercial services
as prescribed in FAR 22.1803.)
      (41) (i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for
EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the
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acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

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(ii) Alternate I (MAY 2008) of 52.223-9 ( 42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not
      applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
        42)[(16)] 52.223-11, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming
Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
       ___ (43)[(17)] 52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of
Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
       __ (44)[18)] (i) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging
Equipment (JUN 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
              (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2015) of 52.223-13.
         (45)[(19)] (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (JUN
2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
              _ (ii) Alternate I (Jun2014) of 52.223-14.
       (46) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (MAY 2020)
(-42 U.S.C. 8259b).
        _ (47)[(20)] (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal
Computer Products (Oct 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
                (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-16.
        _ (48)[(21)] 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text
Messaging While Driving (Jun 2020) (E.O. 13513).
      ____(49)[(22)] 52.223-20, Aerosols (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
      ____<del>(50)</del>[(23)] <u>52.223-21</u>, Foams (Jun 2016) (E.O. 13693).
      ____(51)[(24)] (i) 52.224-3 Privacy Training (JAN 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552 a).
             (ii) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of 52.224-3.
      (52) (i) 52.225-1, Buy American-Supplies (OCT 2022) (-41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
             ___ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2022) of 52.225-1.
      (53) (i) 52.225-3, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act
(NOV 2023) (-19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19
U.S.C. 4001 note, 19 U.S.C. chapter 29 (sections 4501-4732), Public Law 103-182,
108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-
42, and 112-43.
             ___ (ii) Alternate I [Reserved].
             ___ (iii) Alternate II (DEC 2022) of 52.225-3.
             (iv) Alternate III (NOV 2023) of 52.225-3.
             (v) Alternate IV (Oct 2022) of 52.225-3.
        _ (54) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (NOV 2023) (-19 U.S.C. 2501, et seg., 19
U.S.C. 3301 note).
         (55)[(25)] 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Feb 2021)
(E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets
Control of the Department of the Treasury).
       (56) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside
the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008: 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A. Part V. Subpart G Note).
        (57)[(26)] 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov
2007) ( 42 U.S.C. 5150).
       _ <del>(58)</del>[(27)] 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or
Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
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(E.O. 13706).

(Jun 2020) (42 U.S.C. 1792).

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____(59)[(28)] 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (Feb 2021).
       __ <del>(60)<mark>[(29)] 52.232-29</del>, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial</del></mark>
Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 3805).
         (61)[(30)]52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Products and
Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505, 10 U.S.C. 3805).
      ___ (62) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award
Management (Oct2018) (-31 U.S.C. 3332).
      ___ (63) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other than System for
Award Management (Jul 2013) (-31 U.S.C. 3332).
      ___ (64) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (MAY 2014) (-31 U.S.C. 3332).
      ___ (65)[(31)] 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) ( 5 U.S.C.
552a).
       ___ (66) 52.242-5, Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (JAN 2017) ( 15
U.S.C. 637(d)(13)).
        <sub>-</sub> <del>(67)<mark>[(32)]</del> (i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag</del></mark>
Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) (46 U.S.C. 55305 and 10 U.S.C. 2631).
             (ii) Alternate I (APR 2003) of <u>52.247-64</u>.
             __ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2021) of 52.247-64.
(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to
commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in
this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable
to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:
[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]
       ___ (1) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) ( 41 U.S.C.
chapter67).
       <u> (2) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (</u>
29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
        (3) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor
Standards-Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Aug 2018) (29
U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
       (4) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor
Standards-Price Adjustment (May 2014) (29U.S.C.206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
      (5) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor
Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-
Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
        _ (6) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor
Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C.
chapter 67).
         (7)[(1)] 52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive
Order 14026 (JAN 2022).
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(8)[(2)] 52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2022)

(9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations

- (d) Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101, on the date of award of this contract, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records-Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e) (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1), in a subcontract for commercial products or commercial services. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause-
 - (i) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (<u>Nov</u> 2021) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>).
 - (ii) <u>52.203-17,</u> Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (41 U.S.C. 4712).
 - (iii) 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).

 (iv)[(ii)] 52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (DEC
 - 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91). (v)[(iii)] 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
 - (vi)[(iv)] 52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (JUN 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117-328).
 - (vii)[(v)] (A) 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (Pub. L. 115-390, title II).

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(B) Alternate I (Dec 2023) of 52.204–30.
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(viii) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (SEP 2023) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR <u>19.702(a)</u> on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(ix)[(vi)] 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015). (x)[(vii)] 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (SEP 2015) (E.O.11246). (xi) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (JUN 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212).

(xii) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 2020) (-29 U.S.C. 793).

(xiii) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (<u>38 U.S.C.</u> 4212).

(xiv)[(viii)] 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEc 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.

(xv) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (<u>41 U.S.C.</u> chapter 67).

(xvi)[(ix)] (A) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Nov 2021) (<u>22</u> U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).

(B) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of <u>52.222-50</u> (<u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and</u> E.O. 13627).

(xvii) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).

(xviii) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).

(xix)[(x)] 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (MAY 2022) (E.O. 12989).

(xx)[(xi)] 52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (JAN 2022).

(xxi)[(xii)] <u>52.222-62</u>, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2022) (E.O. 13706).

(xxii)[(xiii)] (A) <u>52.224-3</u>, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (<u>5 U.S.C. 552a</u>). (B) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of <u>52.224-3</u>.

(xxiii) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (OCT 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).

(xxiv) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause <u>52.226-6</u>.

(xxv)[(xiv)] 52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023) (31 U.S.C. 3903 and 10 U.S.C. 3801). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (c) of 52.232-40. (xxvi)[(xv)] 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) (46 U.S.C. 55305 and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial products and commercial services a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of clause)

Class Deviation CD-2024-01 Attachment B GSAR Deviation Text

See below for applicable baseline

- Additions to baseline made by proposed rule are indicated by [bold text in brackets]
- Deletions to baseline made by proposed rule are indicated by strikethroughs
- Five asterisks (* * * * *) indicate that there are no revisions between the preceding part and/or subpart, and following section
- Three asterisks (* * *) indicate that there are no revisions between the material shown within a section or subsection
- Text in vellow highlight indicates changes from Class Deviation CD-2019-12

GSAR Baseline: Change 171 effective 10/12/2023

Part 512 - Acquisition of Commercial Products and Commercial Services

Subpart 512.3 - Solicitation Provisions and Contract Clauses for the Acquisition of Commercial Products and Commercial Services

512.301 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services.

* * * * *

(b) FAR deviation. GSA has a FAR deviation that allows use of the clause at <u>552.212-4</u> in lieu of the FAR clause at <u>52.212-4</u>. Insert the clause at <u>552.212-4</u>, Contract Terms and Conditions-Commercial Products and Commercial Services, in lieu of the FAR clause at <u>52.212-4</u>. This clause may be tailored in accordance with FAR <u>12.302</u> and GSAM <u>512.302</u>.

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